

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	17BP.8.R.72	1	8

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

**STRUCTURE  
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 17BP.8.R.72 (SF-760057) F.A. PROJ. NA  
COUNTY RICHMOND  
PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 57 ON SR 1487 (MILLSTONE RD)  
OVER HITCHCOCK CREEK (BONES FORK)

**CONTENTS**

<u>SHEET</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1	TITLE SHEET
2-2A	LEGEND
3	SITE PLAN
4-7	BORE LOGS

PERSONNEL  
B. SMITH, PG  
L. GONZALEZ  
R. THOMPSON

INVESTIGATED BY B. WORLEY, PG  
CHECKED BY D. DEWEY, PE  
SUBMITTED BY Summit Design and  
Engineering Services, PLLC  
DATE MAY, 2014

**CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

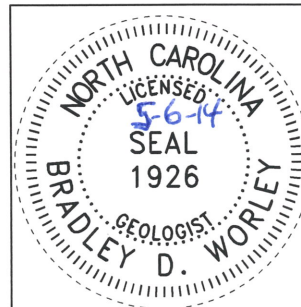
GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: B. WORLEY, PG



*Bradley D. Worley*

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT  
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

**SOIL DESCRIPTION**

SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:

*VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6*

**GRADATION**

**WELL GRADED** - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.  
**UNIFORM** - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED)  
**GAP-GRADED** - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

**ANGULARITY OF GRAINS**

THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS **ANGULAR**, **SUBANGULAR**, **SUBROUNDED**, OR **ROUNDED**.

**SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION**

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)							SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)				ORGANIC MATERIALS			
GROUP CLASS.	A-1	A-3	A-2		A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7			
SYMBOL															
% PASSING	50 MX 30 MX 15 MX	50 MX 25 MX	51 MN	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN			
LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC INDEX	6 MX		NP	40 MX 10 MX	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	40 MX 10 MX	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN				
GROUP INDEX	0	0	0	0	4 MX	8 MX	12 MX	16 MX	No MX						
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL, AND SAND		FINE SAND	SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND		SILTY SOILS	CLAYEY SOILS								
GEN. RATING AS A SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD					FAIR TO POOR			FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE				

PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30

**MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION**

MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

**COMPRESSIBILITY**

SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE      LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31  
MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE      LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50  
HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE      LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50

**PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL**

	ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%		TRACE
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%		LITTLE
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%		SOME
HIGHLY ORGANIC	>10%	>20%		HIGHLY
				35% AND ABOVE

**GROUND WATER**

- WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
- STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS
- PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA
- SPRING OR SEEP

**CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS**

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	<4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 >50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	<2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 >30	<0.25 0.25 TO 0.50 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 >4

**TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE**

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.76	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053
BOULDER (BLDR.)						
COBBLE (COB.)						
GRAVEL (GR.)						
COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)						
FINE SAND (F. SD.)						
SILT (SL.)						
CLAY (CL.)						
GRAIN SIZE	305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005
	12	3				

**SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS**

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

**PLASTICITY**

	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH
NONPLASTIC	0-5	VERY LOW
LOW PLASTICITY	6-15	SLIGHT
MED. PLASTICITY	16-25	MEDIUM
HIGH PLASTICITY	26 OR MORE	HIGH

**COLOR**

DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

**MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS**

- ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION
- SOIL SYMBOL
- ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT
- INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY
- INFERRED ROCK LINE
- ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY
- DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES
- TEST BORING W/ CORE
- AUGER BORING
- CORE BORING
- MONITORING WELL
- PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION
- SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION
- CONE PENETROMETER TEST
- SOUNDING ROD
- SPT REFUSAL
- SPT N-VALUE





**ABBREVIATIONS**

- AR - AUGER REFUSAL
- BT - BORING TERMINATED
- CL - CLAY
- CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST
- CSE. - COARSE
- DMT - DILATOMETER TEST
- DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST
- e - VOID RATIO
- F - FINE
- FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS
- FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES
- FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS
- HL. - HIGHLY
- MED. - MEDIUM
- MICA. - MICACEOUS
- MOD. - MODERATELY
- NP - NON PLASTIC
- ORG. - ORGANIC
- PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST
- SAP. - SAPROLITIC
- SD. - SAND, SANDY
- SL. - SILT, SILTY
- SLI. - SLIGHTLY
- TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL
- w - MOISTURE CONTENT
- V - VERY
- VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
- WEA. - WEATHERED
- γ<sub>u</sub> - UNIT WEIGHT
- γ<sub>d</sub> - DRY UNIT WEIGHT
- SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS
- S - BULK
- SS - SPLIT SPOON
- ST - SHELBY TUBE
- RS - ROCK
- RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL
- CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO

**EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT**

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <b>DRILL UNITS:</b><br><input type="checkbox"/> MOBILE B-____<br><input type="checkbox"/> BK-51<br><input type="checkbox"/> CME-450<br><input type="checkbox"/> CME-55<br><input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Diedrich D-50</u><br><input type="checkbox"/> _____ | <b>ADVANCING TOOLS:</b><br><input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS<br><input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6" HOLLOW AUGERS<br><input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS<br><input type="checkbox"/> TUNG.-CARBIDE INSERTS<br><input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER<br><input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ STEEL TEETH<br><input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ TUNG.-CARB.<br><input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>Mud Rotary</u> | <b>HAMMER TYPE:</b><br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL<br><br><b>CORE SIZE:</b><br><input type="checkbox"/> -B _____<br><input type="checkbox"/> -N _____<br><input type="checkbox"/> -H _____<br><br><b>HAND TOOLS:</b><br><input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER<br><input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER<br><input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD<br><input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST<br><input type="checkbox"/> _____ |
|---|---|---|

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS**  
**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**  
**SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p><b>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.)</b> - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.  <b>AQUIFER</b> - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.  <b>ARENACEOUS</b> - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  <b>ARGILLACEOUS</b> - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.  <b>ARTESIAN</b> - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.  <b>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</b> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.  <b>COLLUVIUM</b> - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.  <b>CORE RECOVERY (REC.)</b> - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  <b>DIKE</b> - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.  <b>DIP</b> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.  <b>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</b> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.  <b>FAULT</b> - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.  <b>FISSILE</b> - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.  <b>FLOAT</b> - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.  <b>FLOOD PLAIN (FP)</b> - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.  <b>FORMATION (FM.)</b> - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.  <b>JOINT</b> - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.  <b>LEDGE</b> - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.  <b>LENS</b> - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.  <b>MOTTLED (MOT.)</b> - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.  <b>PERCHED WATER</b> - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.  <b>RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL</b> - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.  <b>ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD)</b> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  <b>SAPROLITE (SAP.)</b> - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.  <b>SILL</b> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.  <b>SLICKENSIDE</b> - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.  <b>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT)</b> - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  <b>STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.)</b> - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  <b>STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD)</b> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  <b>TOPSOIL (TS.)</b> - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>
<p><b>WEATHERED ROCK (WR)</b></p> 	<p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &gt; 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.</p>	
<p><b>CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)</b></p> 	<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>	
<p><b>NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)</b></p> 	<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>	
<p><b>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)</b></p> 	<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>	

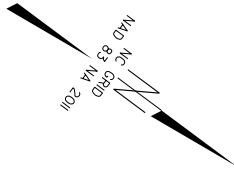
WEATHERING	
FRESH	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.
VERY SLIGHT (V SLI.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.
SLIGHT (SLI.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.
MODERATE (MOD.)	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.
MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i>
SEVERE (SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES &gt; 100 BPF</i>
VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</i>
COMPLETE	ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

ROCK HARDNESS	
VERY HARD	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.
MODERATELY HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.
MEDIUM HARD	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
SOFT	CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.
VERY SOFT	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.

FRACTURE SPACING		BEDDING	
TERM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	> 4 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET

INDURATION	
FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
FRIABLE	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.
MODERATELY INDURATED	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.
INDURATED	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.
EXTREMELY INDURATED	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

<p><b>BENCH MARK: BL-102</b>  <b>N 464342</b>  <b>E 1810232</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>ELEVATION: 272.16 FT.</b></span></p>	
<p><b>NOTES:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">F.I.A.D. = Filled In After Drilling</p>	



12+00

14+00

HITCHCOCK CREEK

13+00

EBI-A

EB2-A

Br. #57

SR 1487 Millstone Rd.

-L-

EBI-B

EB2-B

BL 102



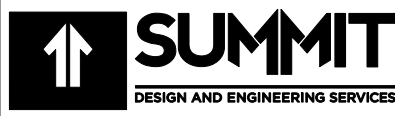
BMI ELEVATION = 267.07  
 N 464401 E 1810264  
 BL STATION 8+51.00 62' RIGHT  
 RR-SPIKE IN BASE OF 18IN OAK TREE

Skew = 90°

SITE PLAN

BRIDGE #57 ON SR 1487 (Millstone Rd)  
 OVER HITCHCOCK CREEK (BONES FORK)  
 RICHMOND COUNTY, NC

PROJECT: SF-760057
DRAWN BY: BW
CHECKED BY: DD
DATE: APRIL 2014
SCALE: 30:1



FIRM NO. P-0339 and C-487  
 504 Meadowland Drive  
 Hillsborough, NC 27278-8551  
 Voice: (919) 732-3883 Fax: (919) 732-6776  
 www.summitde.net



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.72	TIP SF-760057	COUNTY RICHMOND	GEOLOGIST Smith, B
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 57 on SR 1487 (Millstone Rd) over Hitchcock Creek (Bones Fork)			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-A	STATION 12+80	OFFSET 16 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 272.2 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 48.6 ft	NORTHING 464,281	EASTING 1,810,239
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SUM0093 DIEDRICH D-50 86% 08/15/2013		DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Gonzalez, L.	START DATE 04/08/14	COMP. DATE 04/08/14	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
275															
272.2														GROUND SURFACE	0.0
270	268.9	3.3	2	1	2								M	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Red-brown to brown, clayey SILTY SAND (A-2-5) w/ trace wood fragments	
265	263.9	8.3	WOH	WOH	1								Sat.	ALLUVIAL Light to dark brown, moderately organic, SILTY SAND (A-2-4)	5.8
260	258.9	13.3											W	COASTAL PLAIN Gray and green-gray, CLAYEY SAND (A-2-6) (Middendorf Fm.)	10.8
255	253.9	18.3											W		
250	248.9	23.3											M	RESIDUAL Green, gray-green and brown, saprolitic, CLAYEY SILT (A-5)	20.8
245	243.9	28.3											M		
240	238.9	33.3													
235	233.9	38.3												WEATHERED ROCK (phyllite)	33.8
230	228.9	43.3													
225	223.9	48.3													
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 223.6 ft In Weathered Rock (phyllite)	48.6

NCDOT BORE SINGLE SF-760057\_GEO\_BRDG0057\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT\_GDT 5/6/14



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.72	TIP SF-760057	COUNTY RICHMOND	GEOLOGIST Smith, B
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 57 on SR 1487 (Millstone Rd) over Hitchcock Creek (Bones Fork)			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-B	STATION 12+78	OFFSET 14 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 272.6 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 49.1 ft	NORTHING 464,297	EASTING 1,810,263
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SUM0093 DIEDRICH D-50 86% 08/15/2013		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Gonzalez, L.	START DATE 04/10/14	COMP. DATE 04/10/14	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
275																
270	268.8	3.8	3	1	1									GROUND SURFACE	0.0	
265	263.8	8.8	WOH			2	4							ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Red-orange, SILTY SAND (A-2-4)	6.3	
260	258.8	13.8	3	11	37									ALLUVIAL Brown to black, moderately organic, f. to cse. SAND (A-1-b)	14.3	
255	253.8	18.8	57	43/0.4										COASTAL PLAIN Light gray, clayey SILTY SAND (A-2-5) (Middendorf Fm.)	18.6	
250	248.8	23.8	7	14	20									COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (sandstone) (Middendorf Fm.)	19.8	
245	243.8	28.8	11	19	39									RESIDUAL Green, saprolitic, CLAYEY SILT (A-5)		
240	238.8	33.8	23	56	44/0.2									WEATHERED ROCK (phylite)	31.3	
235	233.8	38.8	100/0.3													
230	228.8	43.8	100/0.5													
225	223.8	48.8	100/0.3													
															Boring Terminated at Elevation 223.5 ft In Weathered Rock (phylite)	49.1
															*Driller indicates harder drilling 18.6' to 19.8'	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE SF-760057\_GEO\_BRD0057\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT\_GDT 5/6/14



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.72	TIP SF-760057	COUNTY RICHMOND	GEOLOGIST Smith, B
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 57 on SR 1487 (Millstone Rd) over Hitchcock Creek (Bones Fork)			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB2-A	STATION 13+30	OFFSET 30 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 267.6 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 53.4 ft	NORTHING 464,312	EASTING 1,810,197
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SUM0093 DIEDRICH D-50 86% 08/15/2013		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Gonzalez, L.	START DATE 04/08/14	COMP. DATE 04/09/14	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
270													GROUND SURFACE	0.0
265	264.6	3.0	WOH	1	1								<b>ROADWAY EMBANKMENT</b> Orange-brown, clayey SILTY SAND (A-2-5) / ALLUVIAL Light to dark brown, highly organic, SILTY SAND (A-2-4)	1.0
260	259.6	8.0	WOH	6	9									8.5
255	254.6	13.0		6	10	17							<b>COASTAL PLAIN</b> Light gray to green-gray, CLAYEY SAND (A-2-6) (Middendorf Fm.)	
250	249.6	18.0		14	18	19							<b>RESIDUAL</b> Green with red-brown, saprolitic, CLAYEY SILT (A-5)	15.5
245	244.6	23.0		7	13	20								
240	239.6	28.0		10	17	30								
235	234.6	33.0		30	45	44								
230	229.6	38.0	100/0.3							100/0.3			<b>WEATHERED ROCK</b> (phylite)	35.5
225	224.6	43.0	100/0.2							100/0.2				
220	219.6	48.0	60/0.1							60/0.1			<b>CRYSTALLINE ROCK</b> (phylite)	48.0
215	214.6	53.0	100/0.4							100/0.4			<b>WEATHERED ROCK</b> (phylite)	49.0
													Boring Terminated at Elevation 214.2 ft In Weathered Rock (phylite)	53.4
													Boring moved to floodplain due to slope and asphalt debris along shoulder at proposed location.	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE SF-760057\_GEO\_BRD0057\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT\_GDT 5/12/14



# NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.8.R.72	TIP SF-760057	COUNTY RICHMOND	GEOLOGIST Smith, B
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 57 on SR 1487 (Millstone Rd) over Hitchcock Creek (Bones Fork)			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB2-B	STATION 13+30	OFFSET 14 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 272.4 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 53.6 ft	NORTHING 464,339	EASTING 1,810,232
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SUM0093 DIEDRICH D-50 86% 08/15/2013		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Gonzalez, L.	START DATE 04/09/14	COMP. DATE 04/09/14	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
275															
270	269.2	3.2	1	0	1									GROUND SURFACE	0.0
265	264.2	8.2	WOH	WOH	WOH									ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Red-orange and brown, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) w/ trace wood fragments	5.7
260	259.2	13.2	11	21	32									ALLUVIAL Dark gray to black, moderately organic, CLAYEY SAND (A-2-7)	10.7
255	254.2	18.2	27	17	18									COASTAL PLAIN Light gray, clayey SILTY SAND (A-2-5) (Middendorf Fm.)	18.7
250	249.2	23.2	9	18	26									RESIDUAL Green and brown, saprolitic, CLAYEY SILT (A-5)	
245	244.2	28.2	5	9	12										
240	239.2	33.2	15	23	40										
235	234.2	38.2	31	69/0.4										WEATHERED ROCK (phylite)	35.7
230	229.2	43.2	85	15/0.1											
225	224.2	48.2	60/0.1												
220	219.2	53.2	100/0.4											CRYSTALLINE ROCK (phylite)	48.2
														WEATHERED ROCK (phylite)	50.2
														WEATHERED ROCK (phylite)	53.6
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 218.8 ft In Weathered Rock (phylite)  *Auger advanced through CR to softer drilling at 50.2'.	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE SF-760057\_GEO\_BRD0057\_GINT.GPJ NC\_DOT\_GDT 5/12/14